



EMEF. DEZENOVE DE ABRIL.

ATIVIDADE REFERENTE A SEMANA 26 - 08/09/2025 a 12/09/2025.

COMPONENTE CURRICULAR: Língua Inglesa

TURMA:91

PROFESSOR(A): Claudia Egger

OBSERVAÇÕES: **O planejamento da aula poderá sofrer alterações conforme a necessidade do professor(a).**

ORIENTAÇÕES: As atividades deverão ser realizadas no caderno de Língua Inglesa.

-Reconhecer palavras iguais ou semelhantes à língua materna.

- Utilizar o dicionário bilíngue para conhecer a tradução e o significado de palavras.

- Identificar e usar a estrutura do Past Continuous para descrever ações que estavam acontecendo em um determinado momento do passado, relacionando-as a outras ações ou situações, desenvolvendo a capacidade de compreensão e produção de frases em contextos reais e contextualizados.

Hello guys!! Nas aulas dessa semana, vocês vão continuar a semana 25 sobre o passado contínuo na forma afirmativa.

Passado Contínuo ou Progressivo - Past Continuous or Progressive

O **Passado Contínuo**, basicamente, descreve uma ação que **estava** ocorrendo em um certo período no passado.

➤ **FORMAÇÃO:**

O **Past Continuous** é formado pelo **passado simples** do verbo **to be (was/were)** + o gerúndio (**-ing**) do verbo principal.

PAST CONTINUOUS: SUJEITO + PASSADO SIMPLES DO VERBO TO BE + GERÚNDIO DO VERBO PRINCIPAL (-ING)

★ Para lembrar como fazer o gerúndio dos verbos, revise a aula do presente contínuo. Lá tem as explicações detalhadas das regras.

➔ **FORMA AFIRMATIVA:**

I	was working
You	were working
He	was working
She	was working
It	was working
We	were working
You	were working
They	were working

➤ **USOS:**

O Past Continuous é usado para:

1. Descrever uma ação em andamento num determinado momento no passado:

Fred **was dancing** with his girlfriend. (Fred estava dançando com sua namorada.)



I **was talking** to my boss when you called me yesterday afternoon.

(Eu estava falando com meu chefe quando você me ligou ontem à tarde.)

At 7:00 a.m., I **was flying** over San Francisco. (Às 7:00 eu estava voando sobre São Francisco.)

My father arrived when my mother **was cooking**. (Meu pai chegou quando minha mãe estava cozinhando.)

In 2001 he **was living** in Dublin. (Em 2001 ele estava morando em Dublin.)

They **were screaming** last night. (Eles estavam gritando ontem à noite.)

We **were going** to the beach when our car broke down. (Estávamos indo para praia quando nosso carro estragou.)

When I got up this morning the sun **was shining**. (Quando acordei hoje de manhã o sol estava brilhando.)

What **were** you **doing** at 6:00 p.m.? (O que você estava fazendo às 18:00?)

It **was raining** this morning. (Estava chovendo hoje de manhã.)

2. Narrar as circunstâncias de uma situação passada:

It was almost midnight and I **was getting** tired, but I couldn't go to bed because I had lots of things to study.

(Era quase meia-noite e eu estava ficando cansado, mas não podia dormir porque tinha muitas coisas para estudar.)



It was Sunday morning, the sun **was shining** in the sky.

(Era domingo de manhã, o sol estava brilhando no céu.)

3. Descrever ações em andamento simultâneo. Nesses casos, geralmente usa-se a conjunção **while**:

Susan **was playing** while Mary **was studying** for her test. (Susan estava brincando enquanto Mary estava estudando para sua prova.)

We **were preparing** our breakfast while he was still sleeping. (Estávamos preparando nosso café da manhã enquanto ele ainda estava dormindo.)

I **was having** a shower when the phone rang. (Eu estava tomando banho quando o telefone tocou.)

While my father **was reading** the newspaper, my brother **was washing** the car. (Enquanto meu pai estava lendo o jornal, meu irmão estava lavando o carro.)

4. Falar, indicar uma ação habitual que ocorria no passado. Normalmente usa-se os advérbios de frequência: **constantly, often, always** entre o passado simples do verbo **to be** e o verbo principal:

She **was** constantly **talking** to her classmates. Her teacher didn't like that. (Ela estava constantemente falando com seus colegas. Sua professora não gostava disso.)

They **were** always **asking** the same questions. (Eles estavam sempre fazendo as mesmas perguntas.)



Assista aos seguintes vídeos para compreender melhor o passado contínuo:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T21IXynt084>

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GG3H_ah4q5U

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WQ_q840KVfK

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Qv7K2YneVfY&feature=emb_logo

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o7kqzo7jRrs>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MrgaKQ3Z2Yg>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Fy3pZVPkkMU>

<https://www.perfect-english-grammar.com/past-continuous-exercise-1.html>

<https://agendaweb.org/exercises/verbs/past-continuous/exercise-1>

Activity

Questão 1

Segundo o estudo sobre “Past continuous”, qual das alternativas a seguir está nesse tempo verbal da língua inglesa?

- a) She was think his all day long.
- b) I'm studying for maths this morning.
- c) Maysa was playing video game when I left.
- d) We all were very confuse with this mess.
- e) My mother was cook some bread.

Questão 2

Qual das alternativas apresenta a estrutura correta do “Past continuous”?

- a) verb to be (presente) + main verb + ing
- b) verb to be (past) + to + main verb
- c) verb to be (past) + main verb + ing
- d) verb to be (present) + to + ing
- e) verb to be (past) + ing

Questão 3

Complete as alternativas abaixo passando o verbo em parênteses para o “Past continuous”:

- a) I _____ a very pleasant book last night. (to read)
- b) He _____ TV when his mother arrived. (to watch)
- c) My father and my little brother _____ soccer yesterday. (to play)
- d) My mother _____ lunch with her friends last week. (to have)
- e) They _____ hard in their College project. (to work)

4. Preencha as lacunas com o Past Continuous dos verbos em parênteses:

- a) She _____ (watch) TV when he called.
- b) When the phone rang, they _____ (write) a letter.
- c) He _____ (study) while she _____ (make) dinner.
- d) _____ (you/speak) English?
- e) He _____ (play/not) football.

5. Qual das frases abaixo está no Past Continuous?

- a) I was not at home when she arrived.
- b) My father was worried about your job.
- c) Melissa and Juan are happy.
- d) We have been being lovers.
- e) I was being evil with my mom.

6 - Complete as frases abaixo com o Past Continuous ou com o Simple Past:

- a) Tom _____ (to get) ready when Gina _____ (to arrive).
- b) When I _____ (to get) home last night my mother _____ (to prepare) dinner.
- c) We _____ (to watch) a movie when the doorbell _____ (to ring).
- d) He _____ (to walk) the dog when he _____ (to meet) his sister.
- e) They _____ (to leave) the concert while the singer _____ still _____ (to sing).

7 - Segundo o estudo sobre “Past continuous”, qual das alternativas a seguir está nesse tempo verbal da língua inglesa?

- a) She was think his all day long.
- b) I'm studying for maths this morning.
- c) Maysa was playing video game when I left.
- d) We all were very confuse with this mess.
- e) My mother was cook some bread.

8 - Qual das alternativas apresenta a estrutura correta do “Past continuous”?

- a) verb to be (presente) + main verb + ing
- b) verb to be (past) + to + main verb
- c) verb to be (past) + main verb + ing
- d) verb to be (present) + to + ing
- e) verb to be (past) + ing

9) Complete as alternativas abaixo passando o verbo em parênteses para o "Past continuous":

- a) I _____ a very pleasant book last night. (to read)
- b) He _____ TV when his mother arrived. (to watch)
- c) My father and my little brother _____ soccer yesterday. (to play)
- d) My mother _____ lunch with her friends last week. (to have)
- e) They _____ hard in their College project. (to work)

Complete the sentences and match them to the pictures.

1 He _____ the guitar when his mom came home. (play)

2 Martin _____ his classmate's homework when the teacher saw him. (copy)

3 My sister _____ when she came home from school. (cry)

4 A bad boy _____ a younger student after school. (bully)

5 They _____ dinner at home last night. (have)

6 My mom _____ the violin at nine last night. (practice)

7 The students _____ when the principal arrived. (fight)

8 They _____ their cell phones in class yesterday. (use)

9 He _____ graffiti when the teacher saw him. (spray)

10 John _____ on the exam. (cheat)



PAST CONTINUOUS

Complete the sentences with the verb in brackets

- 1.-Alice with her brother at home. (play)
- 2.-Patrick and you lunch at the restaurant. (have)
- 3.-Martha the school festival last Monday . (organize)
- 4.-Ulises his dog for a walk in the park. (take)
- 5.-Janine a lot of invitations for the wedding. (send)
- 6.-Victor some new shoes. (buy)
- 7.-Olivia her hair in the bathroom. (comb)
- 8.-The secretary to some pop music. (listen)
- 9.-A few catsunder the old boxes. (hide)
- 10.-Walter his flat slowly. (clean)
- 11.-You television at the pub. (watch)
- 12.-The children some pictures on the wall. (paint)
- 13.-A gardener the vegetables in the orchard. (water)
- 14.-Dad a lot of money this month. (earn)
- 15.-Two girls their bikes. (ride)
- 16.-Harry and John their homework at the library. (do)
- 17.-My teachers to Helga's parents. (talk)
- 18.-Your daughter correctly. (behave)
- 19.- The postman my door bell. (ring)
- 20.- Daniela the Maths exam. (study)



- Look at the pictures and answer the questions below.

play soccer	prepare breakfast	play computer games	wash the car	swim in a pool
wash dishes	play a guitar	do the laundry	play with the dog	get up

	8:00 a.m.	11:15 a.m.	2:00 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.
Jake					
Jake's father					

1. What was Jake doing at 8:00 a.m.?

He was getting up.

2. What was Jake's father doing at 5:30 p.m.?

3. What was Jake's father doing at 11:15 a.m.?

4. What was Jake doing at 2:00 p.m.?

5. What was Jake's father doing at 8:00 a.m.?

6. What was Jake doing at 11:15 a.m.?

7. What was Jake's father doing at 2:00 p.m.?

8. What was Jake doing at 7:45 p.m.?

9. What was Jake doing at 5:30 p.m.?

10. What was Jake's father doing at 7:45 p.m.?